SyncServer S600/S650 Options and Upgrades

Maximize Performance and Flexibility



Options and Upgrades

- Rubidium atomic oscillator upgrade
- OCXO oscillator upgrade
- Dual power supplies
- PTP grandmaster license
- PTP input license
- 10 GbE ports
- Security protocol license
- Galileo/GLONASS/BeiDou/SBAS/ QZSS license
- Timing I/O modules
- FlexPort™ license for timing I/O modules
- 10 MHz low phase noise modules
- 1PPS time interval measurements
- Event time capture
- Time-triggered programmable pulse

Microchip makes it easy to configure the SyncServer S600/S650 to meet specific application needs and requirements with a variety of hardware and software options. Whether the application requires specific Network Time Protocol (NTP) stratum behaviors, Precision Time Protocol (PTP) accuracy, sustained signal quality controllable with oscillator upgrades, more flexibility in signal outputs, or just redundancy features like dual power supplies or multiple constellation GNSS support, Microchip has excellent solutions for all use cases. If the user is not sure how to achieve what they want in terms of configuring choices, they can contact Microchip's timing experts for advice and guidance for customized solutions that meet their needs.

Option Availability Matrix

Order Time	Option/Upgrade	S600	S650	S650i
	Rubidium upgrade	•	•	•
	OCXO upgrade	•	•	•
	Dual AC power supplies	•	•	•
	Dual DC power supplies	•	•	•
Only At	10 GbE SFP+ ports	•	•	•
initial time of	Timing I/O Module Standard		•	•
purchase**	Timing I/O Module + T1/E1 I/O		•	•
	Timing I/O Module + Fiber Outputs		•	•
	Timing I/O Module + Fiber Input		•	•
	Timing I/O Module + HaveQuick/PTTI		•	•
	10 MHz low phase noise module(s)		•	•
	Security Protocol license	•	•	•
	PTP Output license (grandmaster option)	•	•	•
	PTP Input license	•	•	•
Anytime	FlexPort license*		•	•
7	1PPS time interval and event time capture measurements*		•	•
	GNSS license (add Galileo/GLONASS/SBAS/QZSS/ BeiDou to the standard GPS***)	•	•	
	Time-Triggered Programmable Pulse License****		•	•

^{*}Only applicable if one or two timing I/O modules are installed in the SyncServer S650/S650i.



^{**}Return-to-factory hardware retrofit option available. Contact Microchip for full details.

^{***}SyncServers shipping approximately from the start of 2019 are capable of tracking Galileo satellites if version 3.0 software is loaded and the Multi-GNSS Constellation option is installed.

^{****}Requires a Standard Timing I/O Module or the Timing I/O Modules with the fiber connectors be installed in the SyncServer S650/S650i.

Rubidium Atomic Oscillator



The rubidium atomic clock oscillator upgrade improves not only the stability and ongoing accuracy of the SyncServer, but also its holdover accuracy, saving valuable time for the user. The standard SyncServer is equipped with a crystal oscillator that keeps the clock accurate to specifications while tracking GNSS. However, if the GNSS signal is lost, thereby placing the unit in holdover, the standard oscillator soon drifts away from perfect. Upgrading the oscillator significantly improves the clock accuracy during holdover.

Rubidium holdover accuracy is <1 μ s for the first 24 hours and <3 μ s after the first three days. The advantage of the rubidium oscillator is that if the GNSS signal is lost, the SyncServer continues to serve accurate time and maintain a high level of clock stability. This allows support personnel plenty of time to correct the GNSS signal problem with little degradation or disruption in time synchronization accuracy.

Oven-Controlled Crystal Oscillator (OCXO)

Similar in application to the rubidium oscillator upgrade, the oven-controlled crystal oscillator (OCXO) upgrade improves the holdover accuracy beyond the standard oscillator, though not nearly as much as the rubidium oscillator. OCXO holdover accuracy is 25 µs for the first day. Depending on the level and duration of accuracy needed, the OCXO is a compromise between the standard oscillator and the rubidium oscillator.

Oscillator	Holdover Drift (1st 24 hours)
Standard	400 microseconds
осхо	25 microseconds
Rubidium	<1 microsecond

Dual AC Power Supplies



The dual-corded, dual-power supply option provides several levels of time service protection. The power supplies load share equally, and there is an active power management system constantly monitoring the operation. If the power to one cord/circuit is lost or if one power supply fails, the entire load is instantly picked up by the remaining energized power supply with no interruption in time services to the network. Connecting both power supplies to the same circuit provides protection against a single power supply failure. In the event of a power supply failure, notification is instantly provided to the network operator through SNMP trap or email. For extra level of assurance, the power cord(s) supplied with the SyncServers have locking rear IEC 60320 connectors to avoid accidental decoupling.

Dual DC Power Supplies



The dual-corded, dual DC power supply option provides several levels of time service protection. The DC power supplies load share equally and there is an active power management system constantly monitoring the operation. If the power to one cord/circuit is lost or if one power supply fails, the entire load is instantly picked up by the remaining energized power supply with no interruption in time services to the network. Connecting both power supplies to the same circuit provides protection against a single power supply failure. In the event of a power supply failure, notification is instantly provided to the network operator through SNMP trap or email. The option includes two locking connectors and 6 pins to allow the user to make a power cable.

Technical

Specification	Value
Nominal input	24 Vpc to 48 Vpc
Rated input	20 Vpc to 75 Vpc



Multi-Port/Profile IEEE 1588 PTP Output License

The IEEE 1588 PTP output license enables PTP grandmaster operations leveraging the built-in hardware timestamping in all SyncServers. LAN 2, 3, and 4 as well as the optional 10 GbE LAN 5 and 6 can each be uniquely configured as PTP grandmasters with this single-option license. This is a very cost-effective way to scale PTP grandmaster operations and increase configuration flexibility.

PTP profiles supported include the Enterprise Profile, default profile, Power Profiles and Telecom Profile. These profiles can be configured in any combination, the limitation being one profile per port. The Enterprise Profile in a grandmaster is an official recognition of the default multicast profile and the use of unicast delay_request messages (often referred to as hybrid mode). PTP multicast slave capacity ranges from 360,000 slaves at 1 delay_request/second rate down to 2,800 slaves at 128 delay_request/second rate. PTP telecom profile slave capacity is up to 800 slaves at 128 packets per second. Overall capacity of the Syncserver is 360,000 time stamps/second allocated by the configuration of the protocol and profile on each port.

Compliance

- IEEE1588 2008 version 2
- Telecom Profile 2008
- Default profile
- Enterprise Profile (default profile with hybrid support)
- Power Profile IEEE, C37,238-2017
- Power Profile IEEE C37.238-2011
- Power Utility Profile IEC/IEEE 61850-9-3:2016
- IPv4/IPv6
- One-step or two-step clock operation

PTP Performance

- PTP message capacity: 360,000 messages per second
- Time stamp accuracy: 30 ns relative to timebase in SyncServer with GbE links
- Time stamp resolution: 1 ns

Configurable PTP Parameters

- Transport protocol: UDP over IPv4/IPv6, or layer 2 over Ethernet
- Delay mechanisms: End-to-End (E2E), Peer-to-Peer (P2P)
- Sync and delay intervals: 128 packets/second to 1 packet/128 seconds for Enterprise/default/Power profiles
- Configurable Packet TTL, Priority, Domain number, Announce receipt timeout, Diffserv code point
- Mean announce message transmit interval: 1 second per Enterprise Profile specification, 8 packets/second to 1 packet/8 seconds for default profile, 16 packets/second to 1 packet/16 seconds for power profiles.

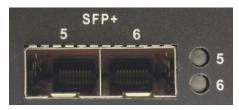
IEEE 1588 PTP Input License

PTP as a timing input is useful for several different application scenarios of which one is tunneling time through PTP over the network to an \$600/\$650 with no GNSS connection. PTP input can also be used as a backup time reference in the event of the loss of the GNSS signal. When used as a back up to GNSS, the \$600/\$650 is equipped with Automatic Asymmetry Compensation that automatically measures, calibrates, and stores up to 32 different network path delay asymmetries observed between the PTP slave \$600 and the PTP grandmaster. In the event of the loss of the GNSS signal, the \$600 recognizes the current network path and automatically applies the correct asymmetric path compensation to keep the \$600 tightly synchronized to the remote PTP grandmaster. If the network path between the \$600 slave and the grandmaster changes, the applied compensation will also change.

Compliance

- IEEE 1588 2008 version 2
- Telecom Profile 2008
- One-step or two-step clock operation
- Up to 128 packets per second
- IPv4/IPv6

10 GbE Network Interface



The S600/S650 10 GbE option adds two SFP+ ports equipped with hardware timestamping that supports NTP, PTP, and NTP Reflector operations. The 10 GbE ports are in addition to the standard four 1 GbE ports for a total of 6 ports. These ports are ideal for interoperability with 10 GbE switches. SFP modules supported are limited to 10 GbE speeds only, and overall system time stamping capacity remains as specified. The 10 GbE SFP+ ports do not use an option module slot on the S650 model.



SyncServer S600 Series LAN Ports have hardware timestamping capability built in ready to support PTP operations



Security Protocol License with Security-Hardened NTP Reflector™/Firewall

Some applications require security enhancements above and beyond what might otherwise be acceptable. For this reason, the SyncServer S600/S650 can be seriously hardened from both the NTP operational perspective and the authentication perspective.

Operational Hardening

The security protocol license includes the security-hardened NTP Reflector with hardware firewall functionality. The GbE line speed NTP Reflector with 100% hardware-based NTP packet processing can handle in excess of 360,000 NTP requests per second (mode three NTP client packets only). This same hardware also acts as a CPU-protecting firewall by bandwidth limiting all non-NTP traffic. In addition to the NTP Reflector, there are denial-of-service (DoS) functions monitoring the packet flow. Abnormally high NTP or non-NTP traffic initiates an SNMP trap. In a DoS attack, the S600/S650 remains impervious to the level of network traffic that could be delivered as all packets are processed in hardware at line speed, though legitimate NTP client requests for time may be blocked elsewhere in the network due to the increased DoS flow.

Authentication Hardening

Authentication—whether client, server, or user access—is the next level in security hardening. The NTP Autokey functionality is a step up from MD5 when it is required to have the next level of NTP client-to-server authentication. For user authentication/permission to access the web interface, TACACS+, RADIUS, LDAP, and CA-signed X.509 certificates are also included in the security protocol license.

Multi-GNSS Constellation License

Timing integrity, continuity, and reliability can be improved with the multi-GNSS constellation license that adds support for Galileo, GLONASS, BeiDou, QZSS and SBAS constellations in addition to the standard GPS constellation. With more satellites in view, timing performance can be improved in challenging environments such as urban canyons.



Track GPS/SBAS/QZSS, Galileo, GLONASS and/or BeiDou Satellite Constellations for improved integrity and satellite visibility in urban canyons.

All SyncServer S600 series are equipped with a GNSS receiver capable of simultaneously tracking more than one GNSS constellation. The global constellations include GPS, Galileo, GLONASS, and BeiDou. The regional Satellite Based Augmentation Satellites (QZSS, WAAS, EGNOS, and MSAS) are also used. Users select one or two of the three available constellation frequency plans. If GPS is one of the selected constellations, then the SBAS satellites are automatically included in the tracking. GPS must be selected in order to use QZSS.

Frequency Plan	Constellations
L1/E1	GPS/Galileo/QZSS
L10F	GLONASS
B1	BeiDou

Note: The SyncServer S600 series uses a different antenna and splitter for GPS/Galileo/SBAS/QZSS/GLONASS compared to GPS/Galileo/SBAS/QZSS/GLONASS/BeiDou. See the antenna solutions document (DS00002919) for more details.



S650 Timing I/O Module



The Timing I/O module is an exceedingly versatile time and frequency input and output option. In the standard configuration, it supports the most popular input and output time codes, sine waves, and rates. The following illustration shows the standard configuration and the configuration with the FlexPort option.

The standard configuration offers a broad yet fixed selection of signal I/O. J1 is dedicated to time code and rate inputs, J2 to sine wave inputs, and J3-J8 to mixed signal outputs. The standard Timing I/O module configuration is 1PPS or IRIG B AM-In, 10 MHz-In, IRIG AM and IRIG DCLS-Out, 1PPS-Out, and 10 MHz-Out. (See the following page for Timing I/O Module specifications.)

FlexPort License for Timing I/O Modules

Microchip's unique FlexPort technology efficiently and cost-effectively adds innovative "any signal, any connector" technology, eliminating the wasted space inherent with legacy-style, fixed-signal modules/BNCs.

The FlexPort technology option enables the six output BNCs (J3–J8) to output any supported signal (time codes, sine waves, programmable rates, and so on) all configurable in real time through the secure web interface. Similarly, the two input BNCs (J1–J2) can support a wide variety of input signal types. This uniquely flexible BNC-by-BNC configuration makes efficient and cost-effective use of the 1U space available.

Two Timing I/O modules double the number of supported input and output signals. Unlike legacy modules with fixed count BNCs outputting fixed signal types per module, with FlexPort technology the user can have up to 12 BNCs (two Timing I/O modules) outputting any combination of supported signal types. Fine tuning of rate and time code signal outputs is possible as each output BNC can be individually phase adjusted to the nanosecond level to accommodate different output cable lengths.

This level of timing signal flexibility is unprecedented and can even eliminate the need for additional signal distribution chassis as there is no degradation in the precise quality of the coherent output signals.

FlexPort vs. Standard Configuration

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POTI 1 CONSIGNATION OF THE POTI 1 CONSIGNATION O									
\ \ I	BNC Connectors	In	out.			0			
7	SNC Connectors	IIII	out			Out	put		
Ψ 5	Signals	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8
	1PPS	•					•	off	off
dar	IRIG B AM			•				off	off
Standard	IRIG B DCLS					•		off	off
L	10 MHz		•		•			off	off
FlexPort	IRIG A/B/C37/E/G NASA/2137/XR3 AM/DCLS	П							
lexF	Selectable/Programmable Rates								
ш	1/5/10 MHz Sine Waves								

- = Fixed specific signal type
- = User configurable Time Codes, Selectable/Programmable Rates or Sine Waves

A single FlexPort license enables configuration flexibility on all installed Timing I/O modules.

Note: All Timing I/O modules are factory installed and must be ordered at the time of initial purchase. The FlexPort license can be added at any time.



Timing I/O Module Signal Characteristics

	Input BNC	Output BNCs						
Configuration	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8
Standard	IRIG B AM 124 or 1PPS	10 MHz	IRIG B AM 124	10 MHz	IRIG B B004 DCLS	1PPS	off	off
FlexPort [™] Options	IRIG: A000/A004/A130/A134 B000/B004/B120/B124 E115/E125 C37.118.1a-2014 IEEE-1344 Rates: 1 PPS 10 MPPS	1 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz	 Pulse: Fixed edge Progri Timecode: IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG Sine: 1/5/7 	I rate: 10/5/1MF rammable period: A 004/134 B 000/001/002/ B 120/122/123/ E 115/125 G 005/145 A 36 AM/DCLS,	PPS, 100/10/1kld: 100 ns to 864/003/004/005/0/124/125/126/1	PPS, 100/10/1/ 400 s, step size 006/007/C37.11 27/1344 AM S, XR3	8.1a-2014/134	1PPS falling

Signal Levels

Output Signal	Specification
IRIG-In	AM: Ratio 2:1 to 3.5:1 Amp: 1 V to 8 V p-p, into 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1
IRIG-Out	AM: Ratio 10:3, Amp: 3.5 \pm 0.5 Vpp, Zout 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2.4 V for logic 1, Zout 50 Ω
1PPS-In	Rising edge active, TTL into 50 Ω
Rate/Pulse Out	Rising edge on-time, TTL into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
1,5,10 MHz-In	Sine wave, 1 Vpp to 8 Vpp, into 50 Ω
1/5/10 MHz-Out	Sine wave 2 Vpp-3 Vpp into 50 Ω
10 MPPS In	<0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1, into 50 Ω

Output Stability

Oscillator	1 s	10 s	100 s	1 ks	10 ks
Standard	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹¹	<1×10 ⁻¹²
осхо	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<7×10 ⁻¹²	<7×10 ⁻¹³
Rubidium	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹²	<5×10 ⁻¹³

Note: Measured on any 10 MHz output.



S650 Timing I/O Module + T1/E1 I/O



The Standard S650 Timing I/O module is outfitted with two RJ48 connectors to support T1/E1 and other supporting timing only signals common to telecommunications applications. Connectors J1-J6 retain the same functionality as the standard Timing I/O module, the J7 and J8 RJ48 connectors support the telecommunications timing signals. These telecommunications timing signals are electrical waveforms used for timing synchronization only, and are not capable of carrying any data other than a fixed set of industry standardized Synchronization Status Messages (SSM) regarding the frequency quality of the signal.

Signal Characteristics

	Input BNCs							
Configuration	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8
Standard	IRIG B AM 124 or 1PPS	10 MHz	IRIG B AM 124	10 MHz	IRIG B B004 DCLS	1PPS	T1	E1
FlexPort™ Options	IRIG: A000/A004/A130/A134 B000/B004/B120/B124 E115/E125 C37.118.1a-2014 IEEE-1344 Rates: 1 PPS 10 MPPS	1 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz	through the web Pulse: Fixed 1PPM Progra Timecode: IRIG A IRIG B IRIG B IRIG B IRIG B IRIG C NASA	FlexPort J3–J8 software-selectable outputs per BNC (configured through the web interface): Pulse: Fixed rate: 10/5/1MPPS, 100/10/1kPPS, 100/10/1/0.5PPS, 1PPM, 1PPS falling edge Programmable period: 100 ns to 86400 s, step size of 10 ns Timecode: IRIG A 004/134 IRIG B 000/001/002/003/004/005/006/007/ C37.118.1a-2014/1344 DCLS IRIG B 120/122/123/124/125/126/127/1344 AM IRIG E 115/125 IRIG G 005/145 NASA 36 AM/DCLS, 2137 AM/DCLS, XR3				Output: T1, E1, Composite Clock, Japanese Composite Clock, JSW, 1.544 MHz or 2.048 MHz Square Wave

Signal Levels

Oigilai Ectolo	
Output Signal	Specification
IRIG-In	AM: Ratio 2:1 to 3.5:1 Amp: 1 V to 8 V p-p, into 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1
IRIG-Out	AM: Ratio 10:3, Amp: 3.5 \pm 0.5 Vpp, Zout 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2.4 V for logic 1, Zout 50 Ω
1PPS-In	Rising edge active, TTL into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
Rate/Pulse Out	Rising edge on-time, TTL into 50 Ω
1,5,10 MHz-In	Sine wave, 1 Vpp to 8 Vpp, into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
1/5/10 MHz-Out	Sine wave 2 Vpp-3 Vpp into 50 Ω
10 MPPS In	<0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1, into 50 Ω
T1-Out	$2.4~V$ to $3.6~V$ peak, $100~\Omega$
E1/T1-In	0.2 Vpp to 6.5 Vpp
E1-Out	$3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$, 120Ω
Composite Clock-Out	3 Vpeak ± 0.5 V
JCC-Out	1 Vpeak ± 0.1 V, nominal
JSW-Out	0 dBm ± 3 dB, 120 Ω
1.544 or 2.048 MHz Square-Out	3 Vpp ± 0.3 V

Output Stability

Oscillator	1 s	10 s	100 s	1 ks	10 ks
Standard	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹¹	<1×10 ⁻¹²
осхо	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<7×10 ⁻¹²	<7×10 ⁻¹³
Rubidium	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹²	<5×10 ⁻¹³

Note: Measured on any 10 MHz output.



S650 Timing I/O Module + Fiber Outputs



The Standard S650 Timing I/O module is outfitted with three ST fiber connectors (replacing the J3, J5 and J7 BNCs) to support output of the pulse and DCLS signals over multimode fiber. BNC connectors J1, J2, J4, J6 and J8 retain the same functionality as the standard Timing I/O module. The ideal application is slaving an S650 with a Timing I/O fiber input via the fiber connection. The FlexPort license is required with this module as only DCLS signals are supported on the J3, J5 and J7 fiber outputs.

Signal Characteristics

	Input BNCs	Output Fiber ST			Output BNCs			NCs		
Configuration	J1	J2	J3	J5	J7	J4 J6 J8				
Standard	Module REQUIRES the Fle	xPort Option	Module RI	EQUIRES the Flex	Port Option	ı	Modul	e REQUIRES the	e FlexPort Option	
FlexPort™ Options	IRIG: A000/A004/A130/A134 B000/B004/B120/B124 E115/E125 C37.118.1a-2014 IEEE-1344 Rates: 1 PPS 10 MPPS	1 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz	outputs per Fibe through the web Pulse: Fixed 100/- 1PPN Progr 8640 Timecode: IRIG 000/0 C37 IRIG 8	rate: 10/5/1MPP 10/1kPPS, 100/10/ M, 1PPS falling ed ammable period: 0 s, step size of 1 A 004 B 001/002/003/004, 118.1a-2014/134 G 005 A 36 DCLS, 2137	sonfigured S, 0/1/0.5PPS, ge 100 ns to 0 ns //005/006/007/ 4 DCLS DCLS but phase adjust-	(configured Pulse: Pulse: Timed Sine:	through the state of the state	rate: 10/5/1MPPs 0/1/0.5PPS, 1PP ammable period: f 10 ns 0004/134 8 000/001/002/00 18.1a-2014/134 8 120/122/123/12 E 115/125 6 005/145 .36 AM/DCLS, 2: 0 MHz	S, 100/10/1kPPS, M, 1PPS falling edge 100 ns to 86400 s, step	

Signal Levels

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Output Signal	Specification
IRIG-In	AM: Ratio 2:1 to 3.5:1 Amp: 1 V to 8 V p-p, into 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1
IRIG-Out	AM: Ratio 10:3, Amp: 3.5 \pm 0.5 Vpp, Zout 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2.4 V for logic 1, Zout 50 Ω
1PPS-In	Rising edge active, TTL into 50 Ω
Rate/Pulse Out	Rising edge on-time, TTL into 50 Ω
1,5,10 MHz-In	Sine wave, 1 Vpp to 8 Vpp, into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
1/5/10 MHz-Out	Sine wave 2 Vpp-3 Vpp into 50 Ω
10 MPPS In	<0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1, into 50 Ω
Fiber Output	Connector: ST Fiber: Multi-Mode Wavelength: 820 nm Max cable length: 1 km, using 62.5/125 µm fiber

Output Stability

Oscillator	1 s	10 s	100 s	1 ks	10 ks
Standard	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹¹	<1×10 ⁻¹²
осхо	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<7×10 ⁻¹²	<7×10 ⁻¹³
Rubidium	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹²	<5×10 ⁻¹³

Note: Measured on any 10 MHz output.



S650 Timing I/O Module + Fiber Input



The Standard S650 Timing I/O module is outfitted with an ST fiber connector, replacing the J1 BNC to support input of a DCLS signal over multimode fiber. BNC connectors J2-J8 retain the same functionality as the standard Timing I/O module. The ideal application is slaving an S650 with a Timing I/O Fiber input via the fiber connection to an S650 with a fiber output. The FlexPort license is required with this module as only DCLS signals are supported on the J1 fiber input.

Signal Characteristics

	Input BNCs		Output B			t BNCs		
Configuration	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8
Standard	Module REQUIRES the FI	exPort Option		Mod	Module REQUIRES the FlexPort Option			
FlexPort [™] Options	IRIG:	1 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz	 Pulse: Fixed edge Progri Timecode: IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG IRIG Sine: 1/5/ 	rate: 10/5/1MF rammable perio : A 004/134 B 000/001/002. B 120/122/123. E 115/125 G 005/145 A 36 AM/DCLS,	PPS, 100/10/1k d: 100 ns to 86 /003/004/005/0 /124/125/126/1	PPS, 100/10/1/ 400 s, step size 006/007/C37.11 127/1344 AM	8.1a-2014/134	, 1PPS falling

Signal Levels

Output Signal	Specification
Fibert Input	Connector: ST Fiber: Multi-Mode Wavelength: 820 nm Max cable length: 1 km, using 62.5/125 µm fiber
IRIG-Out	AM: Ratio 10:3, Amp: 3.5 \pm 0.5 Vpp, Zout 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 for logic 0, >2.4 V for logic 1, Zout 50 Ω
Rate/Pulse Out	Rising edge on-time, TTL into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
1,5,10 MHz-In	Sine wave, 1 Vpp to 8 Vpp, into 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}$
1/5/10 MHz-Out	Sine wave 2 Vpp-3 Vpp into 50 Ω

Output Stability

Oscillator	1 s	10 s	100 s	1 ks	10 ks
Standard	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹¹	<1×10 ⁻¹²
осхо	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<7×10 ⁻¹²	<7×10 ⁻¹³
Rubidium	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹²	<5×10 ⁻¹³

Note: Measured on any 10 MHz output.



S650 Timing I/O Module + HaveQuick/PTTI



The Standard S650 Timing I/O module is outfitted with two RJ48 connectors to support RS422 PTTI Outputs. Additionally, HaveQuick timecodes are supported as inputs and outputs. All circuitry on the module has been upgraded to support 5V and 10V input and output pulses common to HaveQuick and PTTI signals. Due the tremendous range of signaling options for this module, the FlexPort license is required.

Timing I/O Module Signal Characteristics

	Input BNCs		Output BNCs		RJ	48s		
Configuration	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8
Standard	Module REQUIRES the FlexPort Option		Mo	odule REQUIRES t	the FlexPort Option	n		RES the FlexPort
FlexPort™ Options	IRIG: A000/A004/A130/A134 B000/B004/B120/B124 E115/E125 C37.118.1a-2014 IEEE-1344 HaveQuick STANAG 4246 I/II, 4430, ICD-GPS-060A BCD Rates: 1 PPS 10 MPPS	1 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz HaveQuick 1PPS	through the web Pulse: Fixed 100/1 Progra of 10 5V PF Timecode: IRIG A IRIG B IRIG B IRIG B IRIG C NASA Havee Sine: 1/5/10	rate: 10/5/1MPPS 0/1/0.5PPS, 1PP ammable period: ns PS, 5V PPM, 10V A 004/134 B 000/001/002/00 118.1a-2014/1344 B 120/122/123/12 E 115/125 G 005/145 A 36 AM/DCLS, 2-2 Quick D MHz	03/004/005/006/0	dge g, step size 07/ 344 AM	RS422 PTTI Out	RS422 PTTI Out

Signal Levels

•	
Output Signal	Specification
IRIG-In	AM: Ratio 2:1 to 3.5:1 Amp: 1 V to 8 V p-p, into 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1
HaveQuick In	TTL, 15 Vpc maximum
HaveQuick 1 PPS In	2 V to 10 V
IRIG-Out	AM: Ratio 10:3, Amp: 3.5 \pm 0.5 Vpp, Zout 50 Ω DCLS: <0.8 V for logic 0, >2.4 V for logic 1, Zout 50 Ω
1PPS-In	Rising edge active, TTL into 50 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$
Rate/Pulse Out	Rising edge on-time, TTL into 50 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$
1,5,10 MHz-In	Sine wave, 1 Vpp to 8 Vpp, into 50 Ω
1/5/10 MHz-Out	Sine wave 2 Vpp-3 Vpp into 50 Ω
10 MPPS In	<0.8 V for logic 0, >2 V for logic 1, into 50 Ω
RS422 Output	$\pm~2~V$ min to 100 $\Omega,~+3~V$ typical
5V PPS/PPM	5 V ± 0.5 V
10V PPS/PPM	10 V ± 1 V

Output Stability

Oscillator	1 s	10 s	100 s	1 ks	10 ks
Standard	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹⁰	<1×10 ⁻¹¹	<1×10 ⁻¹²
осхо	<1×10 ⁻⁹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹¹	<7×10 ⁻¹²	<7×10 ⁻¹³
Rubidium	<2×10 ⁻¹⁰	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<3×10 ⁻¹¹	<5×10 ⁻¹²	<5×10 ⁻¹³

Note: Measured on any 10 MHz output.



10 MHz Low Phase Noise Modules



For applications requiring superior low phase noise (LPN) 10 MHz signals, two different LPN modules are available. Each module has eight extremely isolated, phase-coherent 10 MHz LPN outputs, with each module offering excellent levels of LPN or Ultra LPN performance and exhibiting low spurious noise characteristics.

Though not a requirement, Microchip recommends upgrading the main SyncServer S650 oscillator to the OCXO or Rubidium Atomic clock options for improved coupling between the LPN oscillator and the primary S650 oscillator.

Output level (ULPN): 13 dBm ±1 dB
 Output level: (LPN): 13 dBm ±1.5 dB

Channel-to-channel isolation: 100 dB at 10 MHz

Output impedence: 50 Ω
Connectors: 8x BNC
Modules/S650 chassis: 1

Standard LPN Module

Offset Frequency (Hz)	Specification (dBc/Hz)	Typical* (dBc/Hz)
1	- 95	-100
10	-125	-132
100	-145	-150
1,000	-150	-155
10,000	-155	-158
100,000	-155	-160

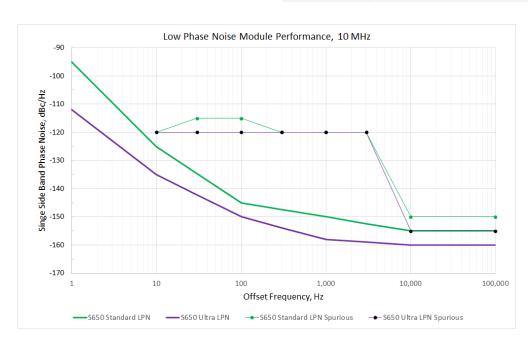
Ultra LPN Module

Offset Frequency (Hz)	Specification (dBc/Hz)	Typical* (dBc/Hz)
1	-112	-115
10	-135	-140
100	-150	-155
1,000	-158	-160
10,000	-160	-162
100,000	-160	-162

^{*}All modules meet the Specification; however, Typical values represent observed medians. Typical values are listed for informational purposes only.

Allan Deviation for LPN and ULPN Modules

Tau	LPN	ULPN
1 s	<3.0 × 10 ⁻¹²	$<4.5 \times 10^{-13}$
10 s	$<4.5 \times 10^{-12}$	<9.5 × 10 ⁻¹³
100 s	$< 7.0 \times 10^{-12}$	$<5.0 \times 10^{-12}$





Time Interval/Event Timing Measurement License

1PPS Time Interval Measurement

Using the S650 Timing I/O module with the 1PPS Time Interval Measurement can be very useful to compare the time between the S650 and another device that outputs a 1PPS signal. Typical application is to measure how accurate a device can synchronize to the S650 such as a PTP slave device over a network. This measurement is essential in understanding the detrimental effects of switches and network traffic on the PTP slave's ability to accurately synchronize to the S650.

Measurements are easy to perform. Merely connect the 1PPS output from the external device to the S650 Timing I/O module J1 BNC and press the start button on the web interface. The external 1PPS accuracy statistics relative to the S650 are computed and displayed in real-time through the web interface. The current interval, sample count, max, min, mean, standard deviation, median, and RMS of the measurement set are continuously updated on the web interface throughout the duration of the test. Measurement resolution is 10 nanoseconds. Tests have durations from 10 minutes to 1 day with results saved locally and can be exported in text formats easily imported into analysis programs. Measurements can also be sent continuously to a user-defined IP address and UDP port number, or to the DATA/TIMING serial port.

Event Timing

Event timing is the time tagging of an external pulse(s) received on the J1 input connector of the Timing I/O module. This time tag can be displayed, stored or sent out the serial port or network port. The S650 can time tag bursts of up to 100 events per second, and can store up to 86400 event time stamps before overwriting the oldest measurements. Operation can be for a fixed test period or as a continuous output. The web interface acts as a measurement interface displaying the number of measurements and the time tag of the 3 most recent events measured. Data can be exported in TAI or UTC format. The Event Timing uses the same J1 connector as the 1PPS Time Interval measurement, therefore both types of measurements cannot be made concurrently.

Time-Triggered Programmable Pulse License

The Time-Triggered Programmable Pulse Output option is a software option that provides a user configurable TTL level pulse output that can be used to supply a precisely synchronized "trigger" pulse at specific times or provide periodic pulse outputs. The rising edge of the trigger output may be programmed with 10 nanosecond resolution for fine control. The periodic pulse rates support several popular frequencies such as 1 PPS, 1 PP 10 SEC, 1 PPM, 1 PP 10 MIN, 1 PPH, 1 PP 10 HR, 1 PPD, 1 PP 10 DAYS or 1 PP 100 DAYS. The pulse width is also programmable.

Compatibility

Requires a Timing I/O module be installed as the output is relegated to the J7 BNC or J7 fiber ST connector. FlexPort License is not required, however only the Standard Timing I/O module or the Timing I/O Modules with the fiber connectors are capable of supporting this option.

The technique for creating the output signals of this option are similar to the XLi Programmable Pulse Output, though all configuration is via the SyncServer web GUI and not an XLi F111 PPO CLI command.

Specifications

- Range: 10 MHz to 1 pulse/year
- Pulse width: Configurable by setting pulse stop time
- Start Stop Time Resolution: 10 ns
- On time edge: Rising
- Amplitude: TTL Levels into 50Ω
- Accuracy: ± 5 ns to system clock accuracy, for electrical BNC

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